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**[Paradinemasporium](#)** Crous & Osieck

[Crous et al. \(2021\)](#) introduced [Paradinemasporium](#) as a monospecific genus to accommodate [P. junci](#) isolated on dead culm of *Juncus effusus* (*Juncaceae*) from the Netherlands. [Paradinemasporium](#) is presumably a saprobe and is distinct from related taxa in having stromatic, acervuloid, mostly solitary, setose conidiomata, straight, multi-septate, brown, unbranched, thick-walled, fertile at apex, with flared collarete setae arising from basal stroma, hyaline, smooth-walled, branched, septate conidiophores, phialidic, subcylindrical, hyaline to subhyaline, smooth-walled conidiogenous cells with flared collarete at the apex, and fusoid to subcylindrical, hyaline, smooth-walled, guttulate, 1-septate conidia with 2–3 excentric appendages at the apex and with a single central appendage at the base. ITS phylogeny showed that the genus is basal to the family *Chaetosphaeriaceae* ([Chaetosphaeriales](#)).

**Reference**

Crous PW, Osieck ER, Jurjević Ž, Boers J et al. 2021 – Fungal Planet description sheets: 1284–1382. *Persoonia* 47, 178–374. <https://doi.org/10.3767/persoonia.2021.47.06>

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